

## 2.3 Functions

### 2.3 pg 153 # 13

Determine whether each of these functions from  $\mathbb{Z}$  to  $\mathbb{Z}$  is onto (surjective).

a)  $f(n) = n - 1$

b)  $f(n) = n^2 + 1$

c)  $f(n) = n^3$

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Determine the type of each function from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$

a)  $f(x) = 2x + 1$

b)  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$

c)  $f(x) = x^3$

d)  $f(x) = (x^2 + 1)/(x^2 + 2)$

### Extra Problem

Given the following functions  $f$  and  $g$ , from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ , find  $f \circ g$ .

a)  $f(x) = x^2$   
 $g(x) = x + 1$

b)  $f(x) = 2x + 1$   
 $g(x) = x^2 + 4x + 4$

c)  $f(x) = \{(1, 3), (2, 4), (5, 6), (4, 8)\}$   
 $g(x) = \{(1, 1), (4, 5), (6, 2)\}$

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Let  $f(x) = \lfloor x^2/3 \rfloor$ . Find  $f(S)$  if

c)  $S = \{1, 5, 7, 11\}$

d)  $S = \{2, 6, 10, 14\}$

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Let  $g(x) = \lfloor x \rfloor$ . Find

a)  $g^{-1}(\{0\})$

b)  $g^{-1}(\{-1, 0, 1\})$

c)  $g^{-1}(\{x \mid 0 < x < 1\})$

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Find the inverse function of  $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ .

**Extra Problem**

For each function from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ , if the function has a defined inverse, find it.

a)  $f(x) = x^2 - 2$

b)  $f(x) = 3$